October 18, 1995

Introduced By:

Hague, Fimia, Laing, Miller,

Vance, von Reichbauer

October 30, 1995 clerk residexch/jk

Proposed No.:

95-674

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MOTION NO. **9703**

A MOTION in opposition to a rate proposal by the Bonneville Power Administration, requesting action by the Northwest congressional delegation and the U.S. Department of Energy that would preserve the intent of the Northwest Power Act of 1980 by freezing BPA's residential exchange rate at its current level until such time as a comprehensive amendment of the act may be adopted, and expressing appreciation for action taken by the U.S. House and Senate Conference Committee on Energy and Water Development Appropriations.

WHEREAS, the residential exchange benefit program was created by Congress in the Northwest Power Act of 1980 to provide equity for residential and small farm customers of all utilities, so that they could share in the benefits from power generated by publicly funded hydroelectric projects, and

WHEREAS, the residential exchange program has successfully worked to balance the price of power for customers of private and public utilities, and

WHEREAS, the Northwest Power Act of 1980 also recognized that BPA is subsidized in its ability to provide power and offer lower rates to all taxpayers, regardless of whether they are served by a public or private utility, and

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WHEREAS, the credits created by the exchange are passed on directly to the consumer and the utilities themselves do not profit from the program, and

WHEREAS, the residential exchange is providing residential and small farm credits for almost 2 million

Northwest homes and small farms, some 500,000 of which are in King County and nearly 1 million of which are in Washington state, and

WHEREAS, the Bonneville Power Administration proposes to sharply reduce the residential exchange credit in 1996 in order to accommodate a rate cut to BPA's Direct Service Industrial customers and government owned utilities, and

WHEREAS, the reduction of this credit would re-create the basic inequality between customers of public and private utilities that Congress had eliminated with the Northwest Power Act, and

WHEREAS, the proposed reduction in the residential exchange credit could cause nearly 1 million residential and small farm customers in Washington state to pay as much as an additional \$100 or more per year for electricity, and

WHEREAS, BPA claims that the reduction in the credit is required under Section 7(b)(2) of the Northwest Power Act, but this claim is based on questionable assumptions that the agency has made regarding the marginal cost of serving Direct Service Industrial customers, power reserves supplied by these customers and the cash and power reserves required of BPA by the Act, and

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WHEREAS, the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission is not allowed to consider whether BPA's different power rates correctly or fairly allocate costs among different customers, and only the Northwest congressional delegation can play the practical role of overseeing how BPA addresses this critical issue, and

WHEREAS, the U.S. Department of Energy and BPA have called for a regional and comprehensive review of BPA's role and structure in the Pacific Northwest, which could provide the basis for a comprehensive amendment to the Northwest Power Act, if there proves a need to revise how different classes of BPA customers are treated;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT MOVED by the Council of King County:

The Metropolitan King County Council opposes the

Bonneville Power Administration's proposal to increase its

residential exchange rate by 31.7% while reducing its rates

to Direct Service Industries and government-owned utilities

by 12.7% and 8.2%, respectively. The council believes this

proposal to be an administrative undermining of the Northwest

Power Act of 1980, which was designed to share the benefits

of taxpayer-funded hydroelectric projects equitably. The

council requests that the Northwest congressional delegation

and the U.S. Department of Energy examine the basis for BPA's

claim that Section 7(b)(2) of the Act requires this

significant rate increase. The council also requests that

the Northwest congressional delegation and the U.S.

Department of Energy intervene to freeze BPA's current

residential exchange rate for residential and small farm

customers of private utilities until such time as a comprehensive amendment of the Northwest Power Act may be 2 adopted to revise how different classes of BPA customers are to be treated. The council appreciates the action taken on 4 October 25, 1995, by the U.S. House and Senate Conference 5 Committee on Energy and Water Development Appropriations that 6 7 would direct BPA to make \$145 million available for residential exchange credits in Fiscal Year 1997. 8 PASSED by a vote of 13 to 0 this 30 day of 9 October , 1995. 10 11 KING COUNTY COUNCIL KING COUNTY, WASHINGTON 12 Kent Puller Chair 13 14 ATTEST: 15 16 17 Attachments: 18 19 None